



Study of diboson WW, WZ production in $W(\rightarrow l\nu)+jj$ events

Analysis Note: AN-11-151

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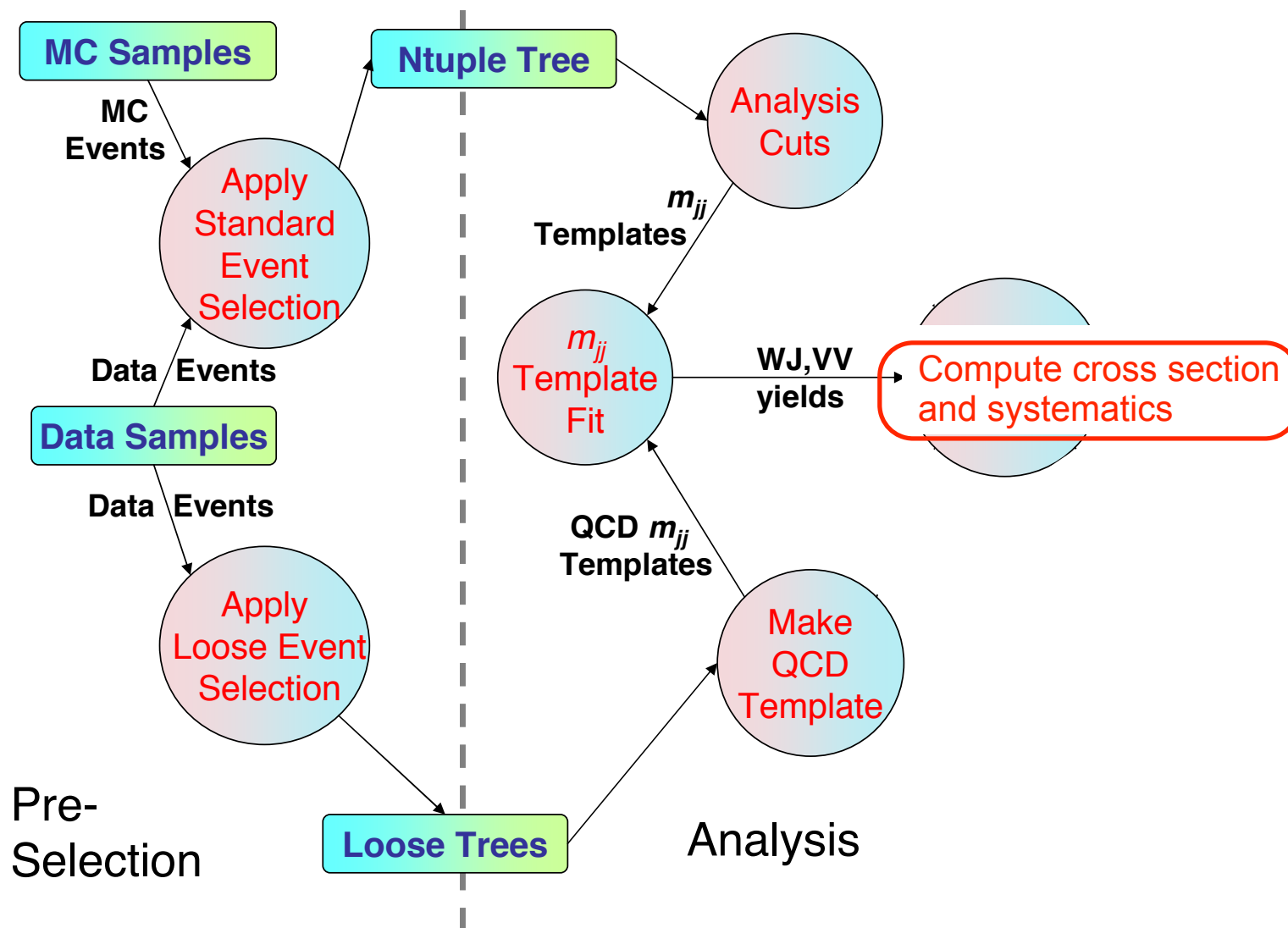
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Diboson meeting, October 26, 2011

Analysis overview



Data sample

$$\int L dt = 2.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$$



Data Set Used for This Analysis (2.1 fb^{-1})

Data Set Name	Run Range	Lumi (pb^{-1})
2010 Muon Data		
/Mu/Run2010A-Apr21ReReco-v1/AOD	136033-149442	3.180
/Mu/Run2010B-Apr21ReReco-v1/AOD	136033-149442	31.094
2011 Muon Data		
/SingleMu/Run2011A-May10ReReco-v1/AOD	160404-163869	200.205
/SingleMu/Run2011A-PromptReco-v4/AOD	165071-168437	885.807
/SingleMu/Run2011A-05Aug2011-v1/AOD	170249-172619	361.738
/SingleMu/Run2011A-PromptReco-v6/AOD	172620-175770	641.911
Total		2123.937
2010 Electron Data		
/EG/Run2010A-Apr21ReReco-v1/AOD	136033-149442	3.153
/Electron/Run2010B-Apr21ReReco-v1/AOD	136033-149442	32.315
2011 Electron Data		
/SingleElectron/Run2011A-May10ReReco-v1/AOD	160404-163869	204.652
/SingleElectron/Run2011A-PromptReco-v4/AOD	165071-168437	886.790
/SingleElectron/Run2011A-05Aug2011-v1/AOD	170249-172619	361.719
/SingleElectron/Run2011A-PromptReco-v6/AOD	172620-175770	641.911
Total		2130.541

- Certified Golden JSON Files are used.

Monte Carlo samples



signal

/WJetsToLNu_TuneZ2_7TeV-madgraph-tauola/Summer11-PU_S4_START42_V11-v1/AODSIM

/WW_TuneZ2_7TeV_pythia6_tauola/Summer11-PU_S4_START42_V11-v1/AODSIM

/WZ_TuneZ2_7TeV_pythia6_tauola/Summer11-PU_S4_START42_V11-v1/AODSIM

/TTJets_TuneZ2_7TeV-madgraph-tauola/Summer11-PU_S4_START42_V11-v2/AODSIM

/TTTo2L2Nu2B_7TeV-powheg-pythia6/Summer11-PU_S4_START42_V11-v1/AODSIM

/QCD_Pt-20_MuEnrichedPt-15_TuneZ2_7TeV-pythia6/Summer11-PU_S4_START42_V11-v2/AODSIM

/WJetsToLNu_TuneD6T_7TeV-madgraph-tauola/Fall10-START38_V12-v1/AODSIM

/DYJetsToLL_TuneZ2_M-50_7TeV-madgraph-tauola/Summer11-PU_S4_START42_V11-v1/AODSIM

/DYToTauTau_M-20_CT10_TuneZ2_7TeV-powheg-pythia-tauola/Summer11-PU_S4_START42_V11-v1/AODSIM

/Tbar_TuneZ2_s-channel_7TeV-powheg-tauola/Summer11-PU_S4_START42_V11-v1/AODSIM

/Tbar_TuneZ2_t-channel_7TeV-powheg-tauola/Summer11-PU_S4_START42_V11-v1/AODSIM

/Tbar_TuneZ2_tW-channel-DS_7TeV-powheg-tauola/Summer11-PU_S4_START42_V11-v1/AODSIM

/T_TuneZ2_s-channel_7TeV-powheg-tauola/Summer11-PU_S4_START42_V11-v1/AODSIM

/T_TuneZ2_t-channel_7TeV-powheg-tauola/Summer11-PU_S4_START42_V11-v1/AODSIM

/T_TuneZ2_tW-channel-DS_7TeV-powheg-tauola/Summer11-PU_S4_START42_V11-v1/AODSIM

/QCD_Pt-30to80_EMEnriched_TuneZ2_7TeV-pythia/Summer11-PU_S4_START42_V11-v1/AODSIM

/QCD_Pt-80to170_EMEnriched_TuneZ2_7TeV-pythia6/Summer11-PU_S4_START42_V11-v1/AODSIM

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/WJetsToLNu_TuneZ2_matchingup_7TeV-madgraph-tauola/Summer11-PU_S4_START42_V11-v1/AODSIM

/WJetsToLNu_TuneZ2_scaledown_7TeV-madgraph-tauola/Summer11-PU_S4_START42_V11-v1/AODSIM

/WJetsToLNu_TuneZ2_scaleup_7TeV-madgraph-tauola/Summer11-PU_S4_START42_V11-v1/AODSIM

/WToLNu_1jEnh2_2jEnh35_3jEnh40_4jEnh50_7TeV-sherpa/Summer11-PU_S4_START42_V11-v1/AODSIM



Event selection

- Muon event selection:
 - Standard ~~VBF~~^{VBTF} muon selection
 - muon $p_T > 25$ GeV/c, for acceptance : muon $|\eta| < 2.1$
 - Combined relative isolation less than 0.10 (Pileup Corrected)
 - Second lepton veto
- Electron event selection :
 - Standard WP70 Requirements except isolation
 - Combined relative Isolation < 0.05 (Pileup Corrected)
 - $E_T > 30$ GeV, $\eta < 2.5$ (excluding $1.4442 < |\eta| < 1.566$)
 - Second lepton veto
- Jet/MET requirements :
 - Require pf-MET > 30 GeV for this analysis.
 - Corrected jet $p_T > 30$ GeV, $\eta < 2.4$ and $\Delta R(\ell, j) > 0.3$
 - Default (JetMET POG recommended) charge hadron subtraction (PF2PAT/PfNoPU), FastJet PU subtraction, L2L3 Corrections and Loose jet id criteria
- Kinematic Requirements:
 - W Transverse Mass > 40 GeV
 - Di-jet system $p_T > 40$ GeV

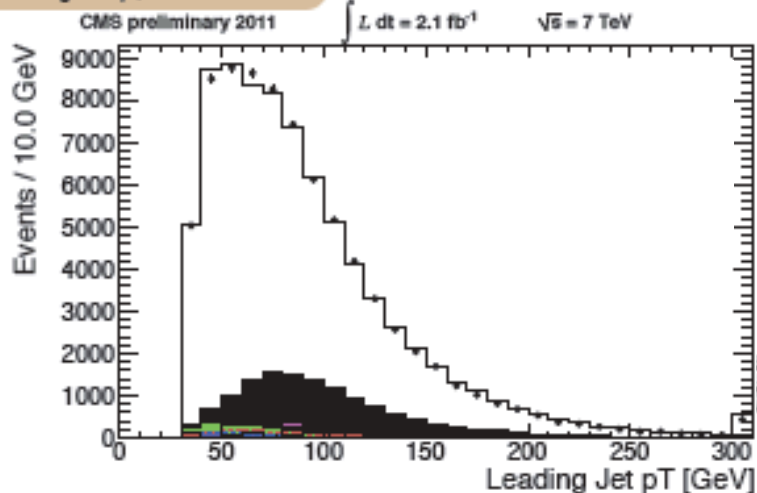
combination of single mu triggers: most contribution from Mu17 and IsoMu24

combination of single electron triggers: most contribution from Ele 25,27,32

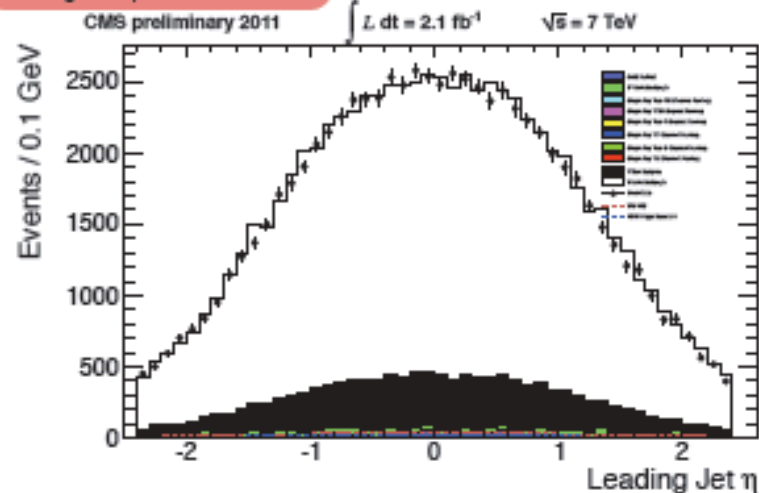


Control plots: leading & second jet p_T and η

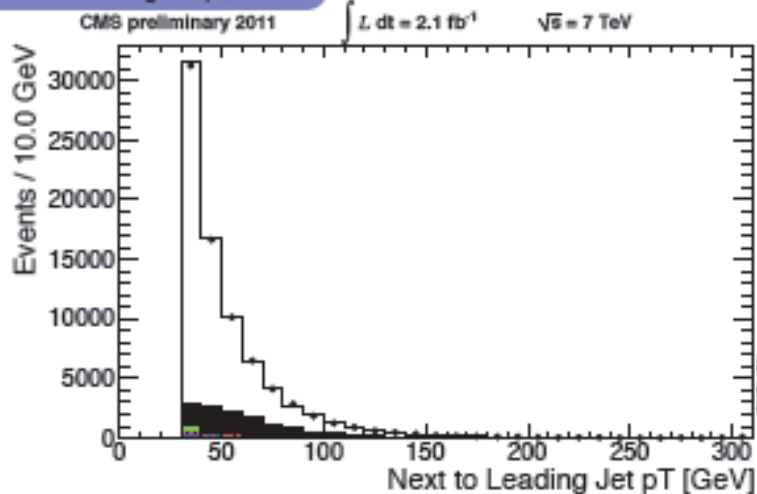
Leading Jet p_T



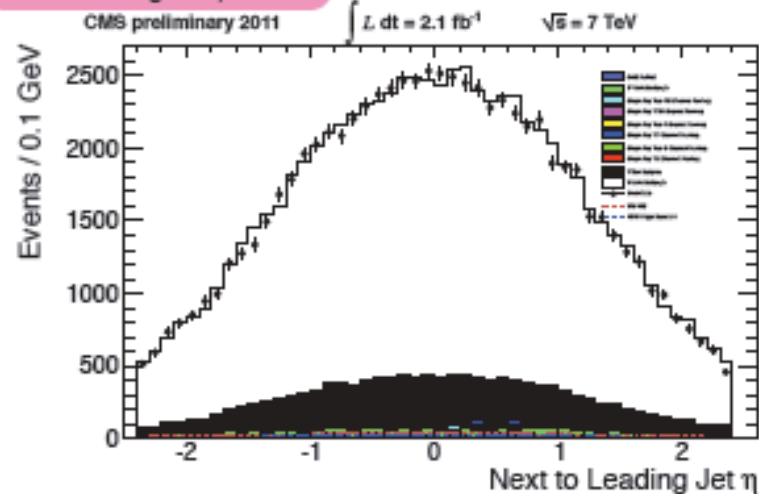
Leading Jet η



Next to Leading Jet p_T

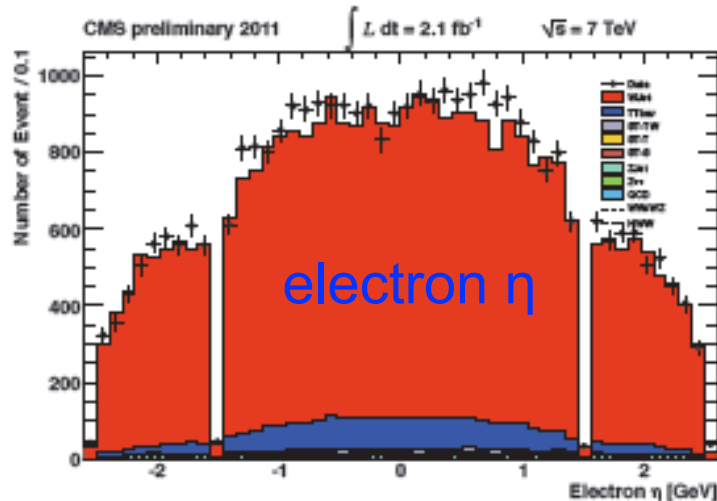
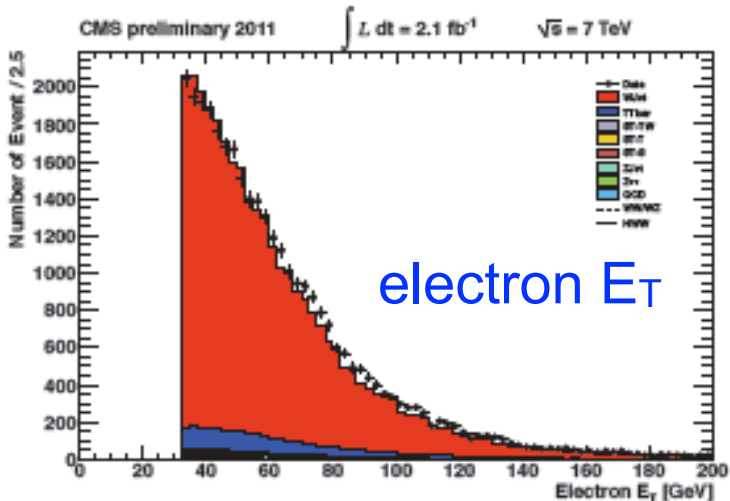
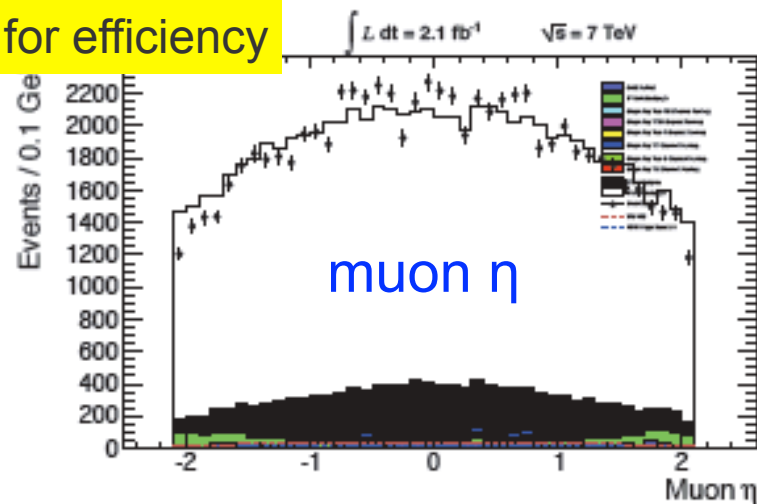
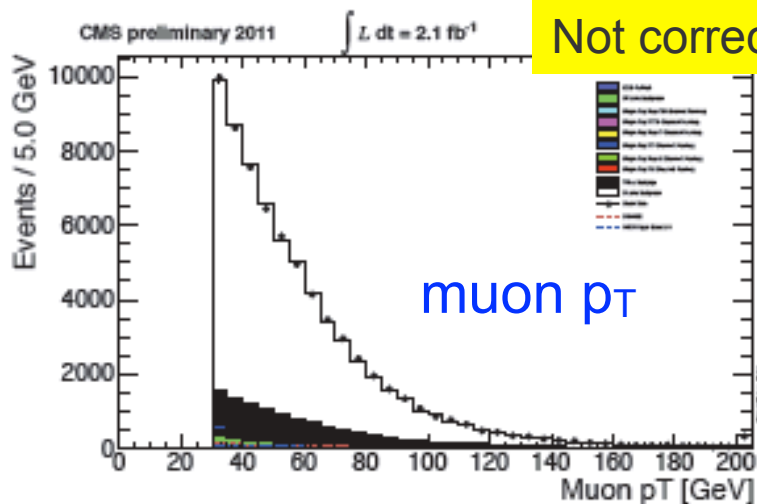


Next to Leading Jet η





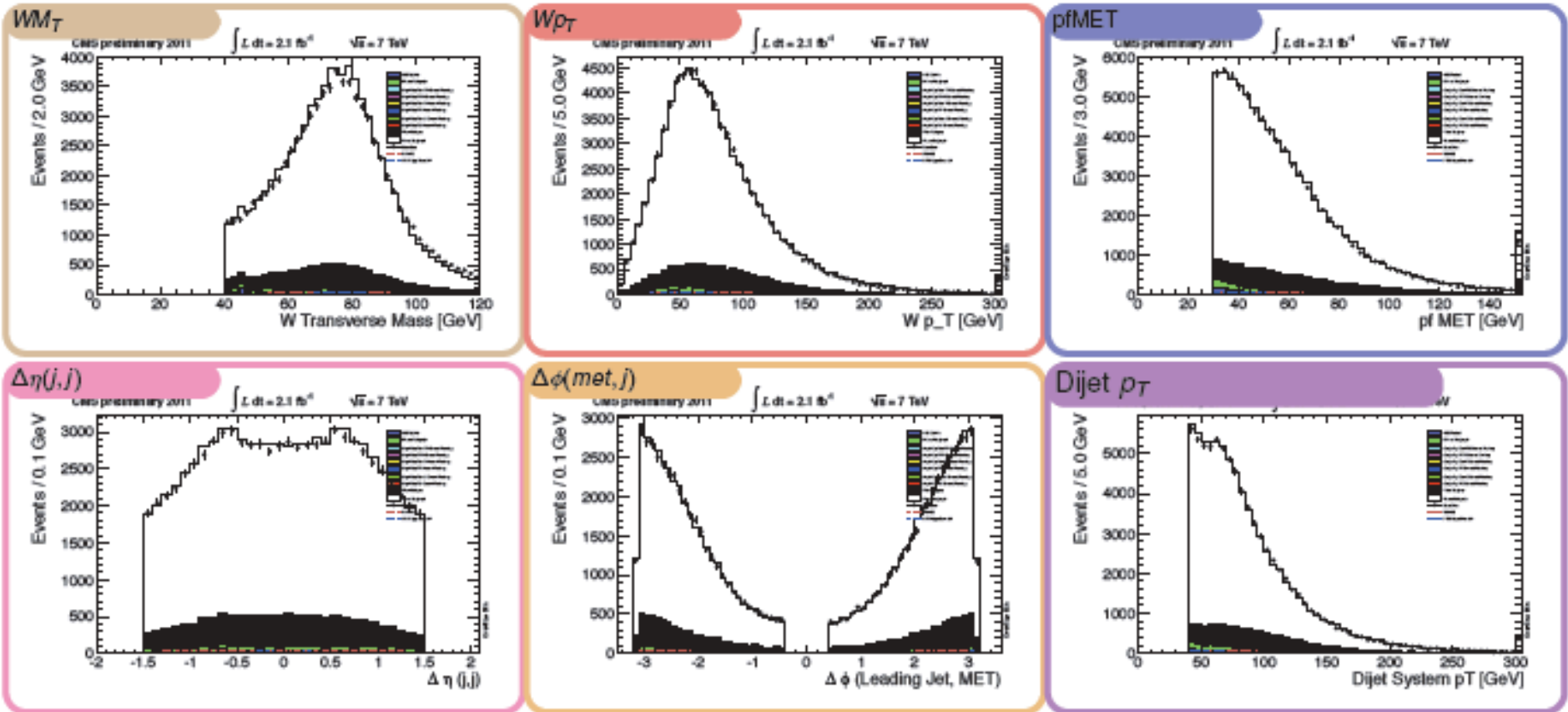
Control plots: lepton p_T and η



More control plots

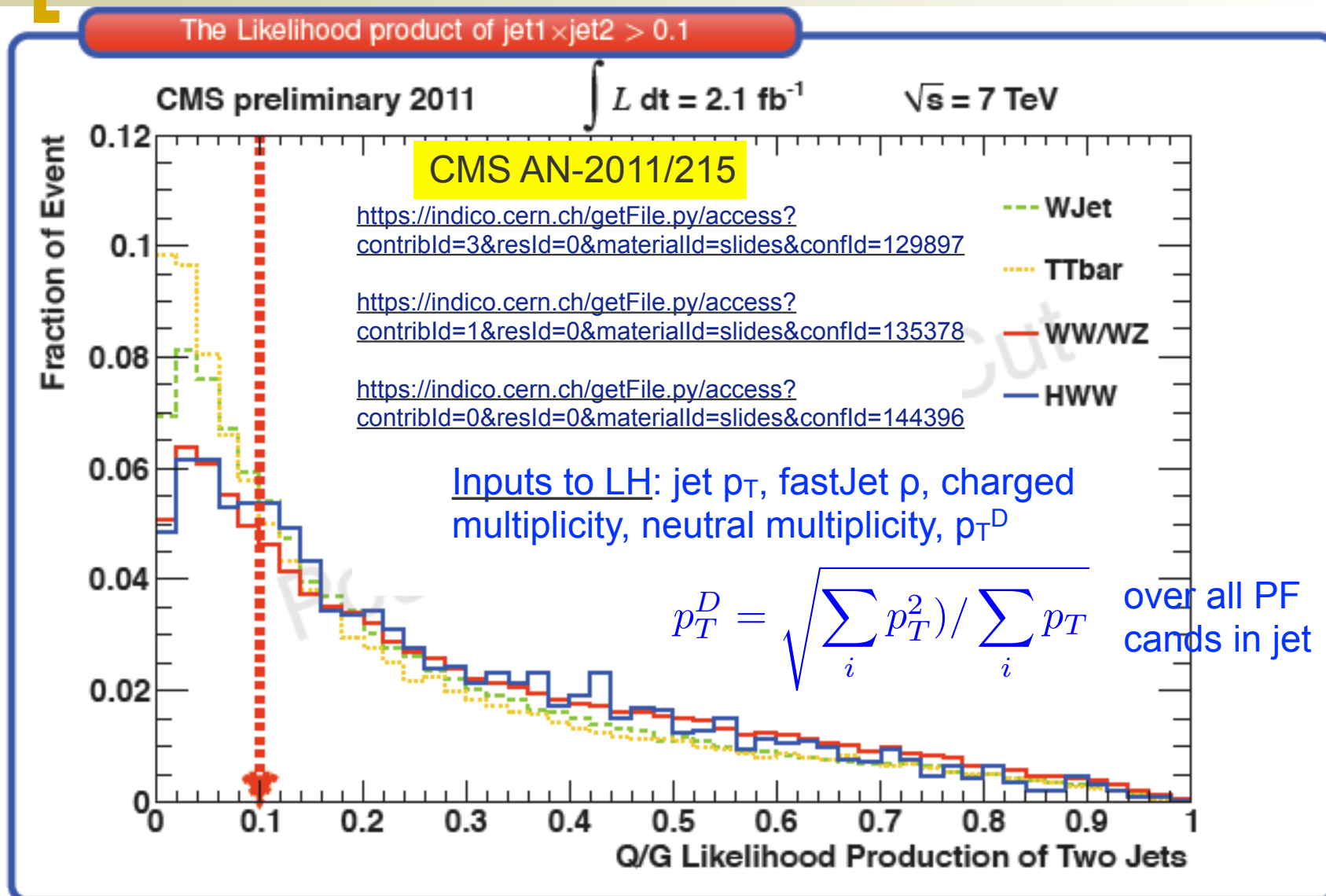


More distributions after the analysis cuts



Reasonable agreement between data and MC

Quark-gluon likelihood



Topological cuts



Apply some simple topological cuts to suppress backgrounds and enhance S/B for the diboson signal.

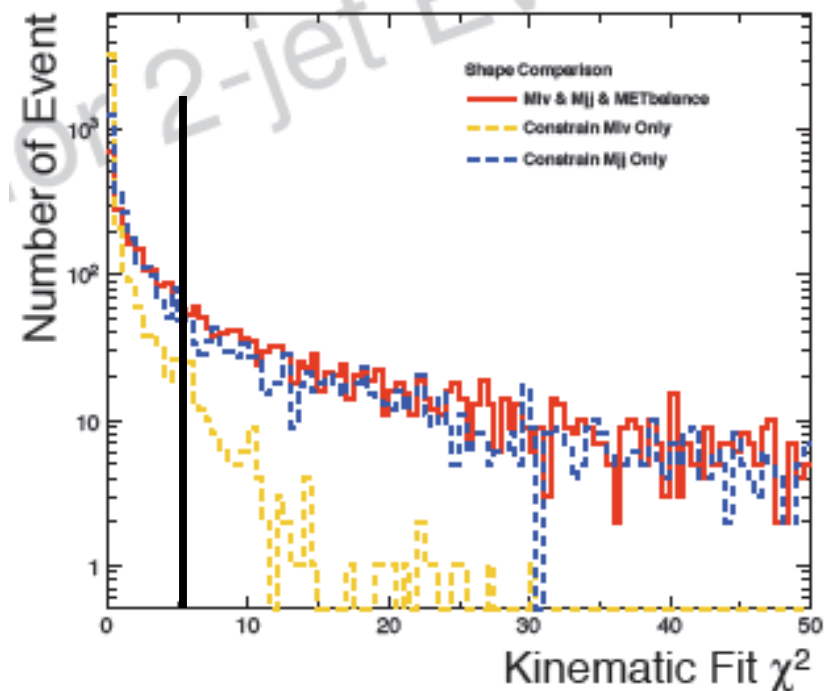
Leptonic W

- pf MET > 30 GeV
- W transverse mass > 50 GeV

After these cuts mostly pure W events are left : diboson, W+jets, and top.

Dijet system

- Dijet $p_T > 40$ GeV
- $\Delta\eta(j_1, j_2) < 1.5$
- Quark-gluon likelihood > 0.1
- χ^2 of the kinematic fit < 5



Signal extraction procedure



Perform an unbinned maximum likelihood fit of the m_{jj} distribution

- Take QCD shape from data; W+jets shape from MC but with inputs from data.
 - All other shapes from MC: diboson, top, single top, Z+jets.
- Fit for the normalization of each component
 - Leave diboson and W+jets **fully unconstrained**.
 - Constrain $t\bar{t}$, single top, and Z+jets to their known cross section within uncertainty (i.e., Gaussian constraint).
 - Constrain QCD normalization from a fit to the W transverse mass in data.
- Constrain jet energy scale from fit to m_{jj} in top quark semi-leptonic events.

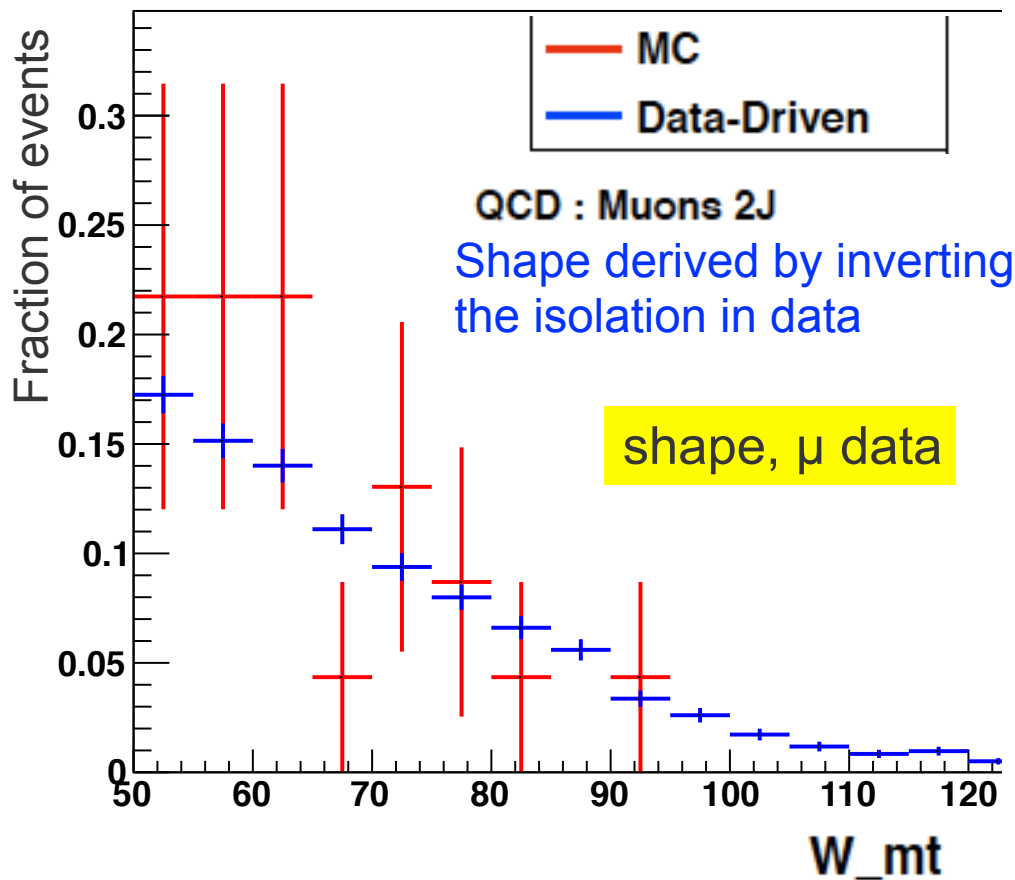
Table 31: Determination of the m_{jj} shape and normalization.

Process	Shape	Shape syst.	Normalization	Norm. syst.
W+jets	MC/ data	q^2 , matching, JES	Unconstrained	Unconstrained
diboson	MC	JES	Constrain: CMS WW,WZ	Gaus $\sigma = 15\%$
$t\bar{t}$, single top	MC	JES	Constrain: NLO	Gaus $\sigma = 10\%$
Z+jets	MC	JES	Constrain: NLO	Gaus $\sigma = 15\%$
QCD	data	JES	Constrain: m_T fit in data	Gaus $\sigma = 50\%$

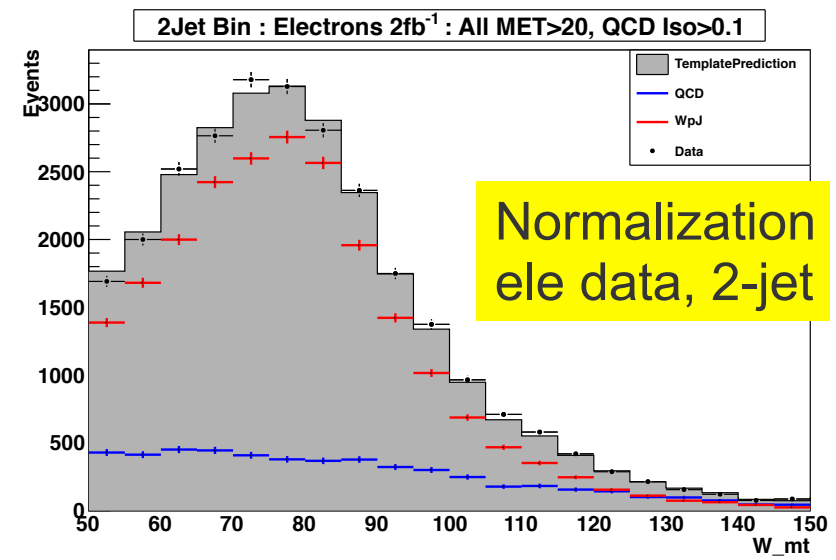
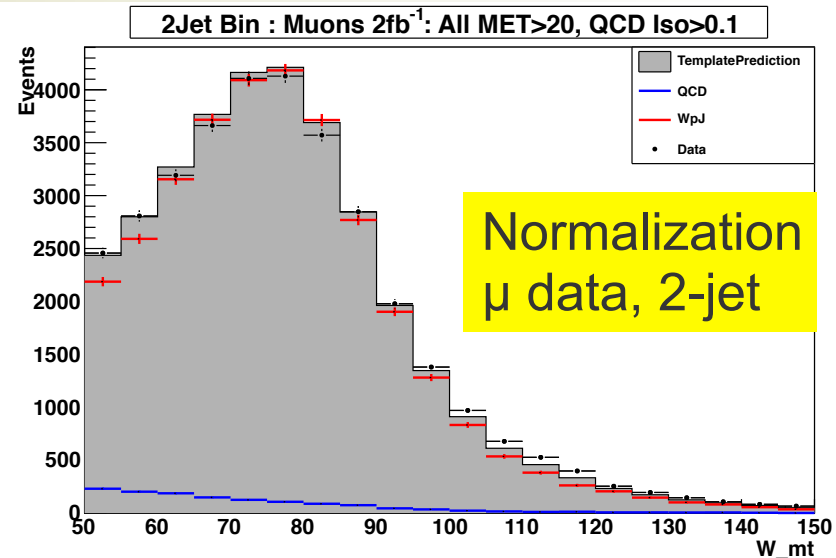
QCD shape & normalization: derive from data



Perform fit to $W m_T$ to constrain QCD.



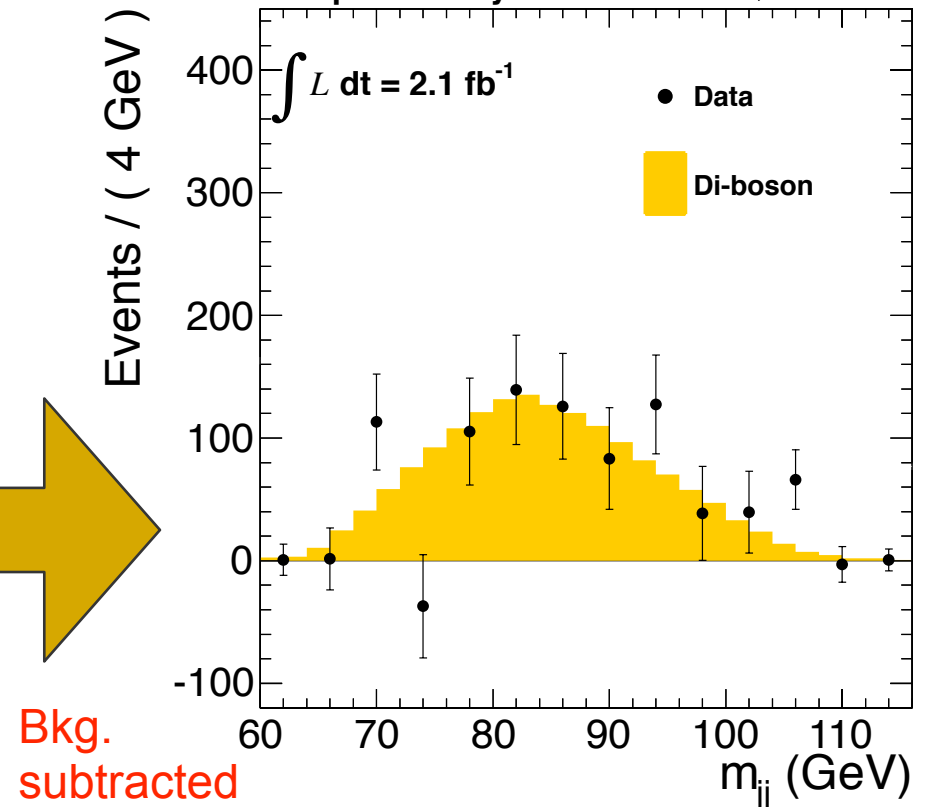
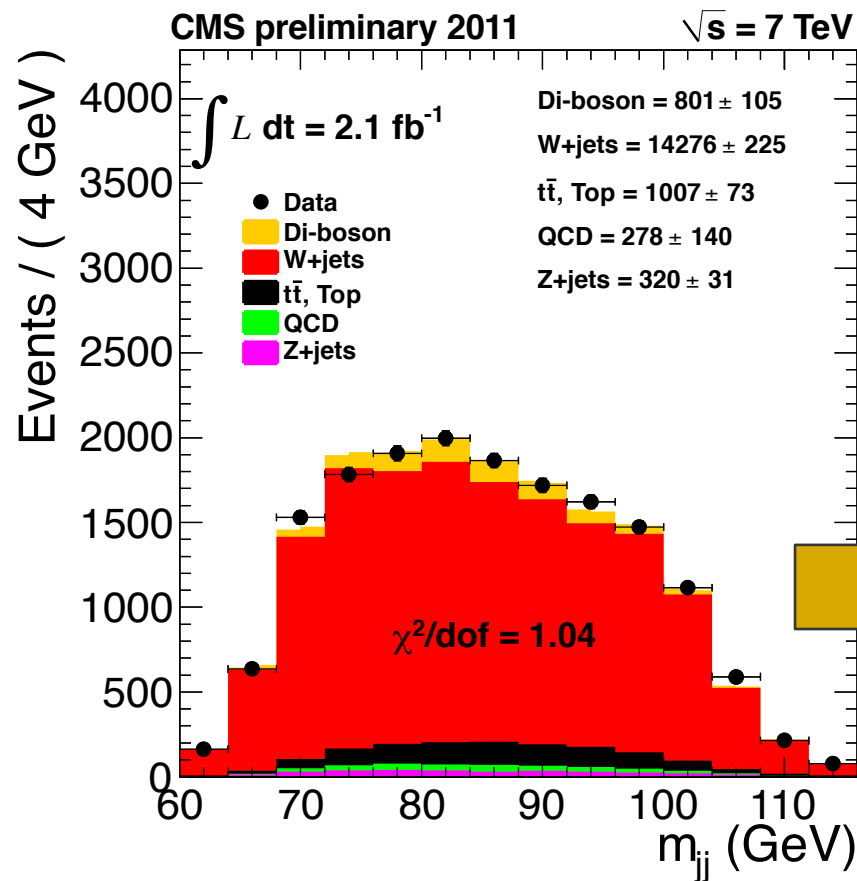
With our final selection, $\sim 0.8\%$ events in the μ data and $\sim 3\%$ in ele data are from QCD.



2-jet sample: fit results

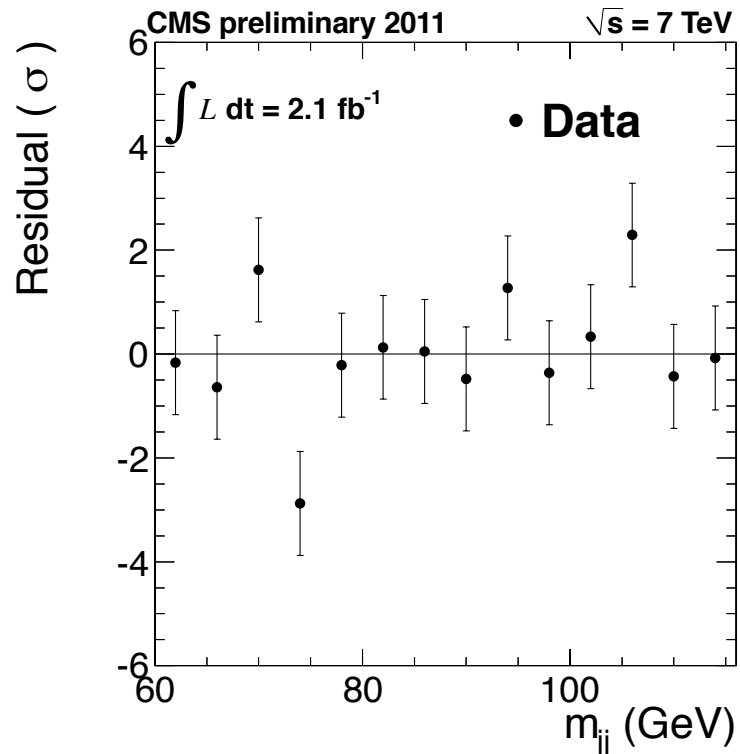


Since the 2-jet and 3-jet samples have different S/B and different background composition (e.g., much larger top in 3-jet case), we gain precision by splitting.



Normalized residual on the next slide

2-jet: normalized residual, executive summary



- ◆ A clear diboson peak is established
- ◆ The break down between $t\bar{t}$ and single top backgrounds is about 2:1

- Requiring the two jets to be anti b-tagged helps in reducing top events
- However, one has to correct for b-tagging data/MC scale factors (which depend on nJets, nTags, and jet p_T) and incur additional systematics
- On the other hand, the top background is well modeled and well understood, so syst. is under control

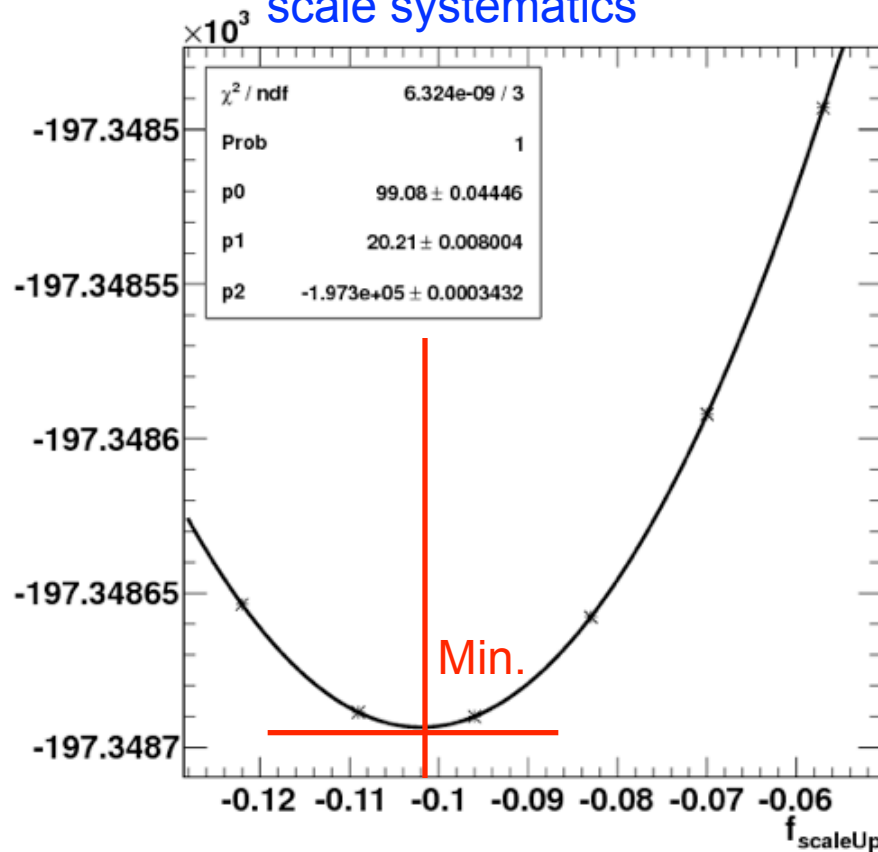
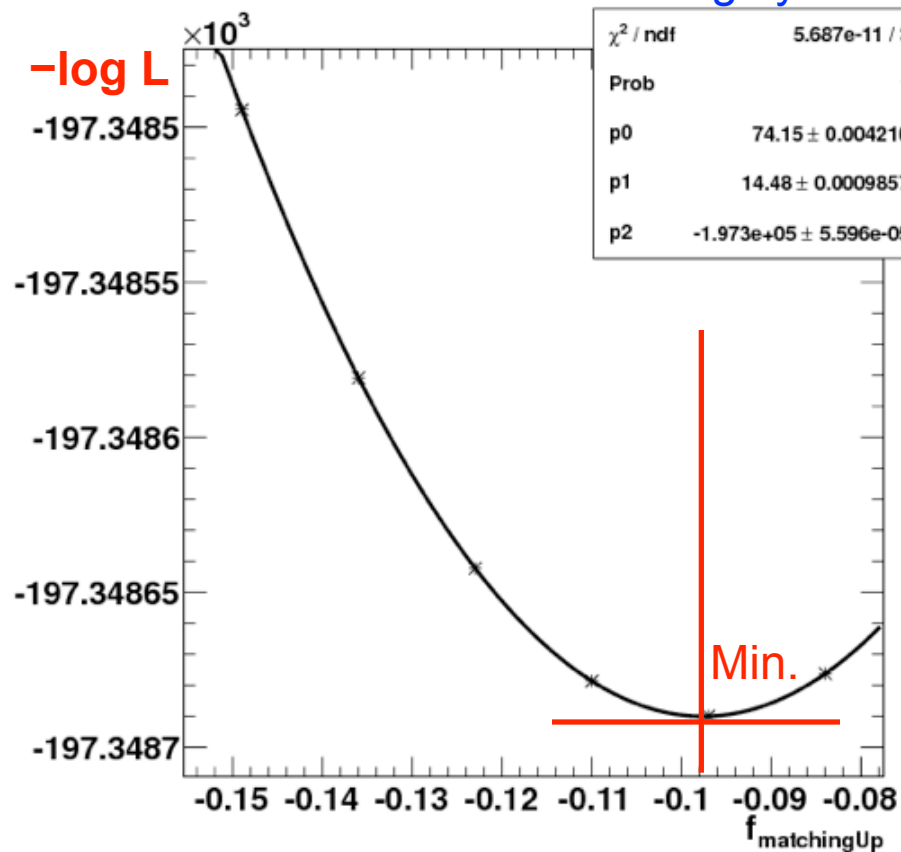
- ◆ S/B in the W mass window 65–95 GeV $\approx 6\%$



2-jet: optimization for q^2 & matching scales

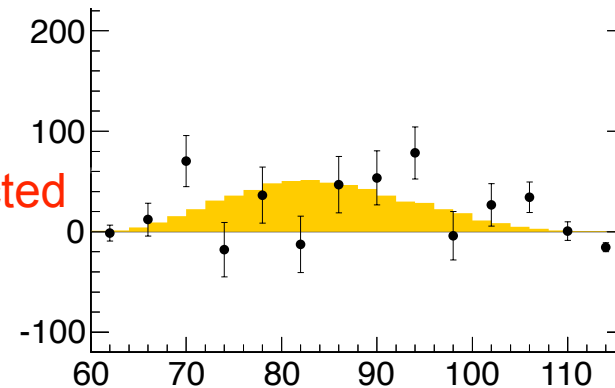
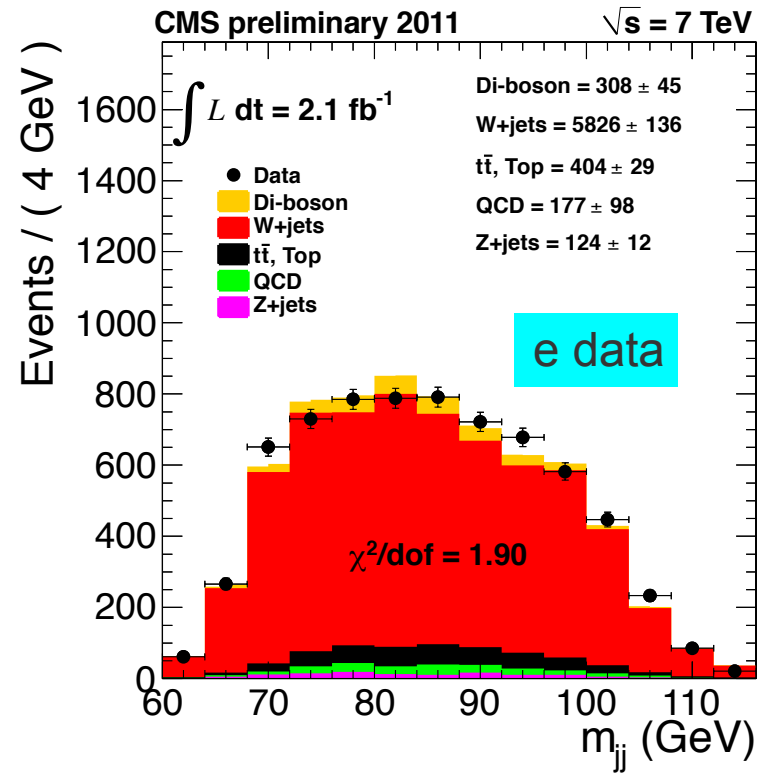
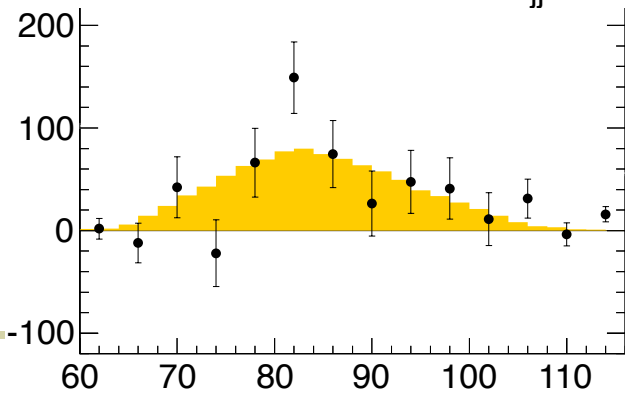
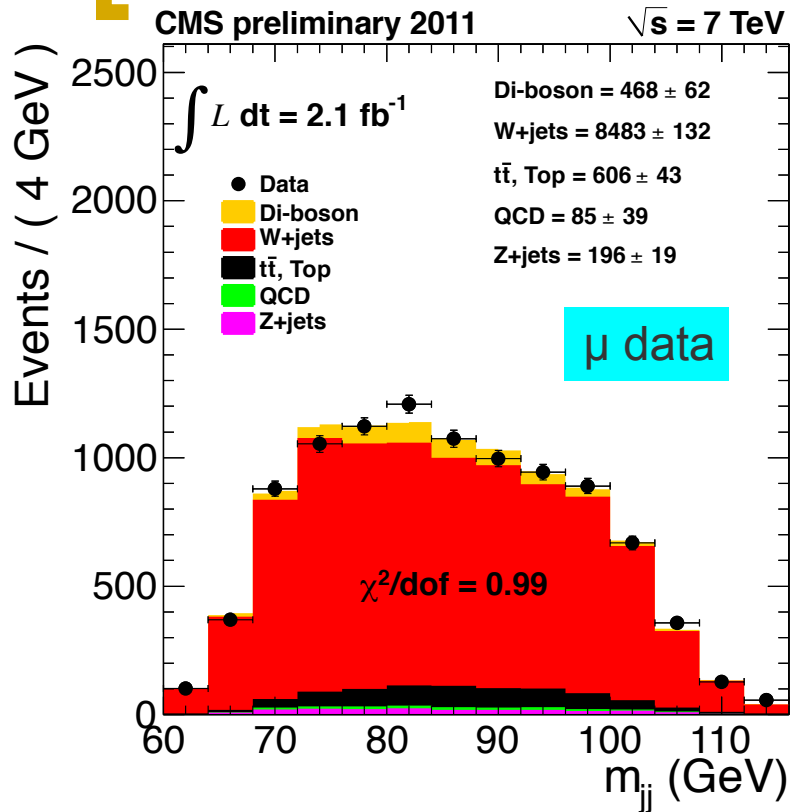
Matrix element-PS matching systematics

Renormalization/factorization scale systematics

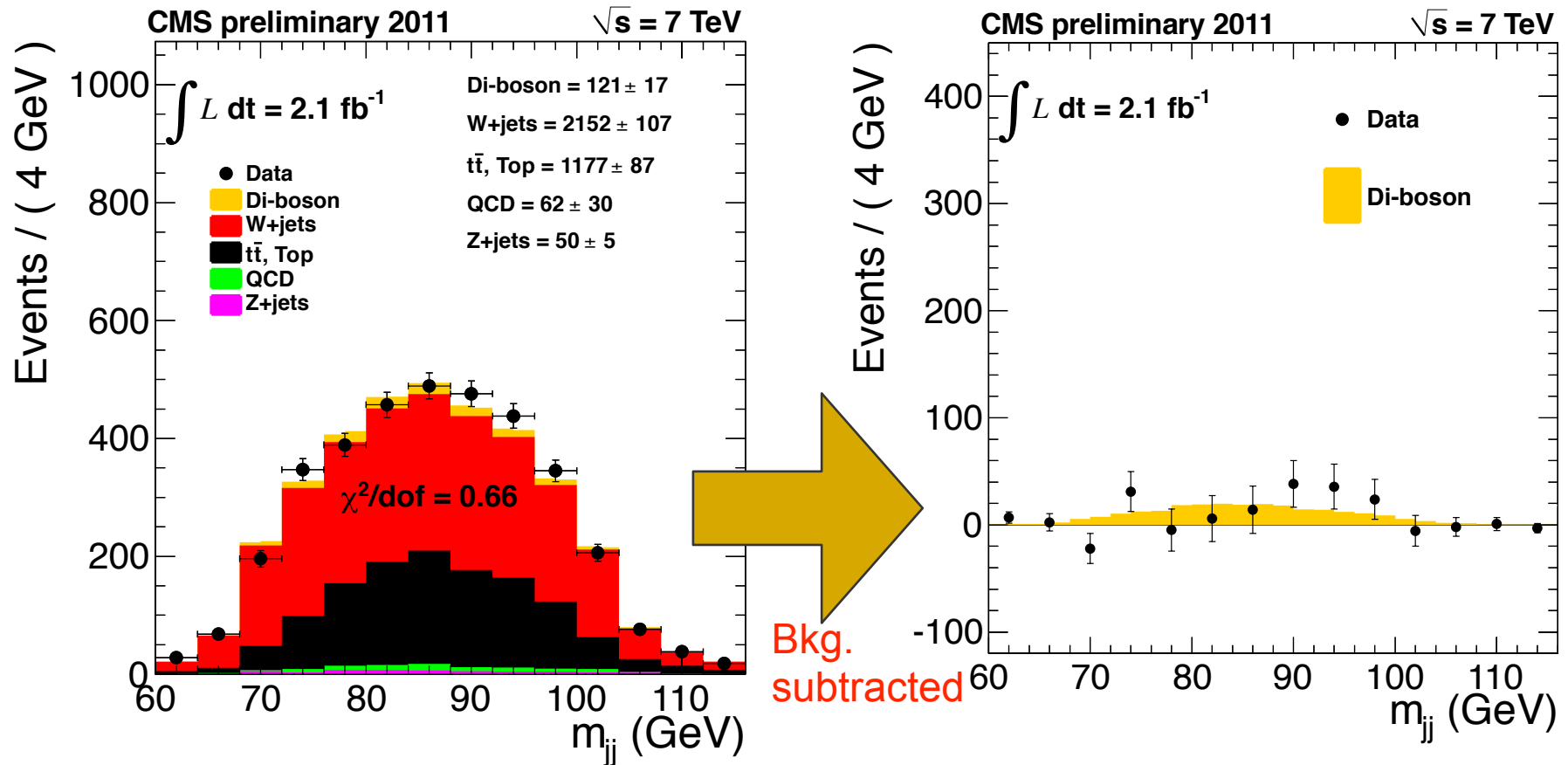


We will generate several hundred toy MC experiments to estimate both systematics.

2 jet cross checks: μ , e channels separately

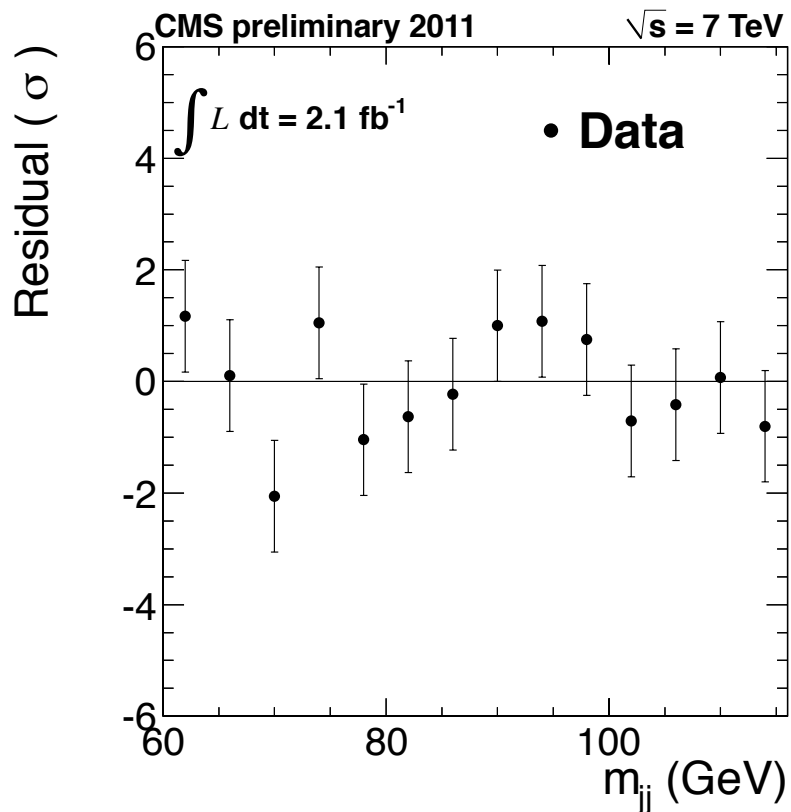


3-jet sample: fit results



Normalized residual on the next slide

Fit results: 3-jet sample (II)



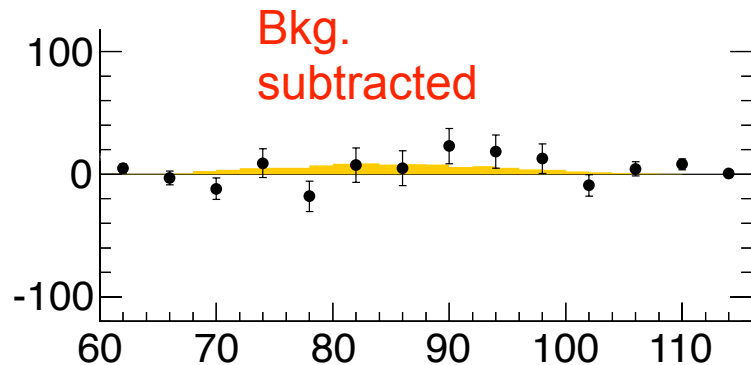
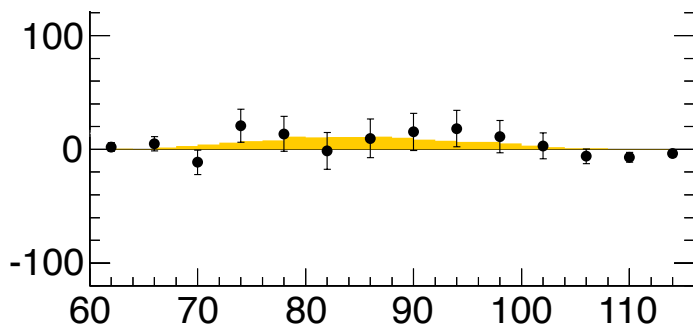
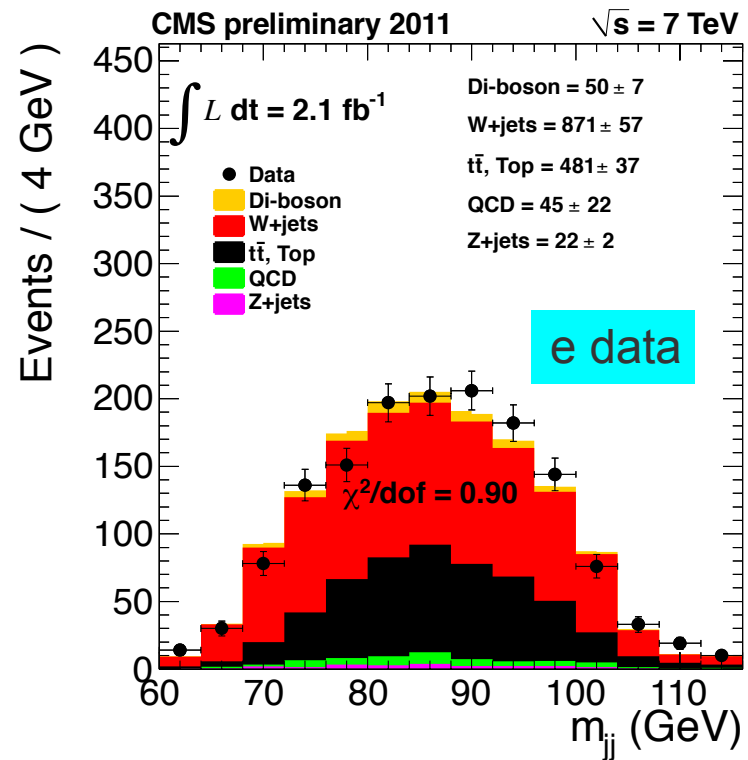
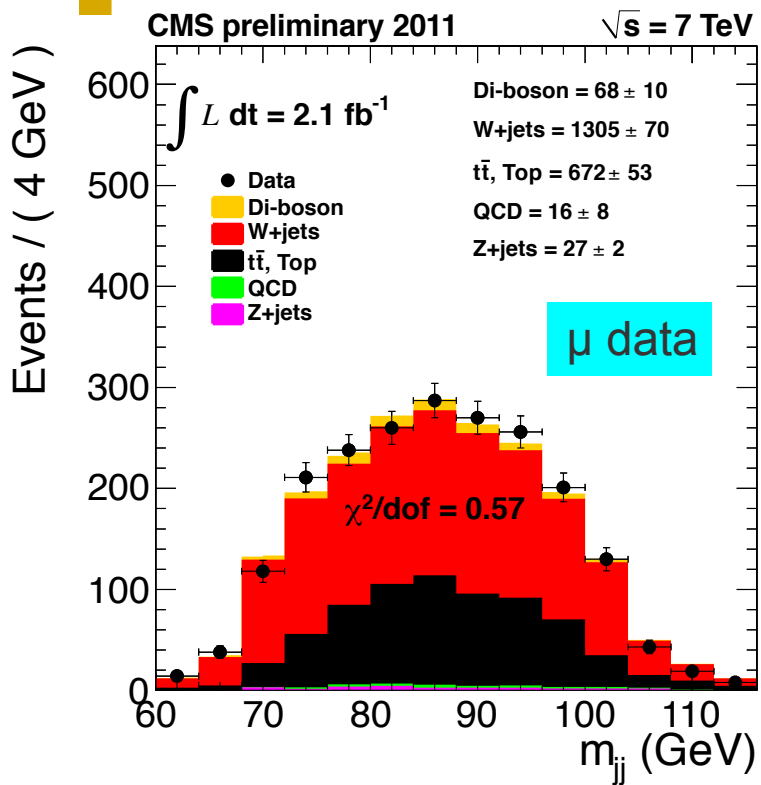
◆ About 50% of the diboson events have an additional (gluon) jet from ISR/FSR
-The ISR events have the invariant mass peaked at right place, but FSR events have large low mass tail.

◆ Since we take the two highest p_T jets in the current analysis, we choose the right combination about 1/3rd of the time
-Potentially, one can improve by choosing the two jets with invariant mass closest to the W mass, but this needs further studies and validation.

◆ The break down between $t\bar{t}$ and single top backgrounds is about 5:1

◆ S/B in the W mass window $\approx 4\%$

Cross checks: μ and e channels separately



WW+WZ Cross section results (preliminary)



2-jet sample:

signal events = 801 ± 105

accep*eff = 0.0675

luminosity = 2.1 fb^{-1}

branching ratio = $0.108 * 0.68$

***cross section = $76.9 \pm 10.1 \text{ pb}$**

3-jet sample:

signal events = 121 ± 17

accep*eff = 0.0108

luminosity = 2.1 fb^{-1}

branching ratio = $0.108 * 0.68$

***cross section = $72.6 \pm 10.2 \text{ pb}$**

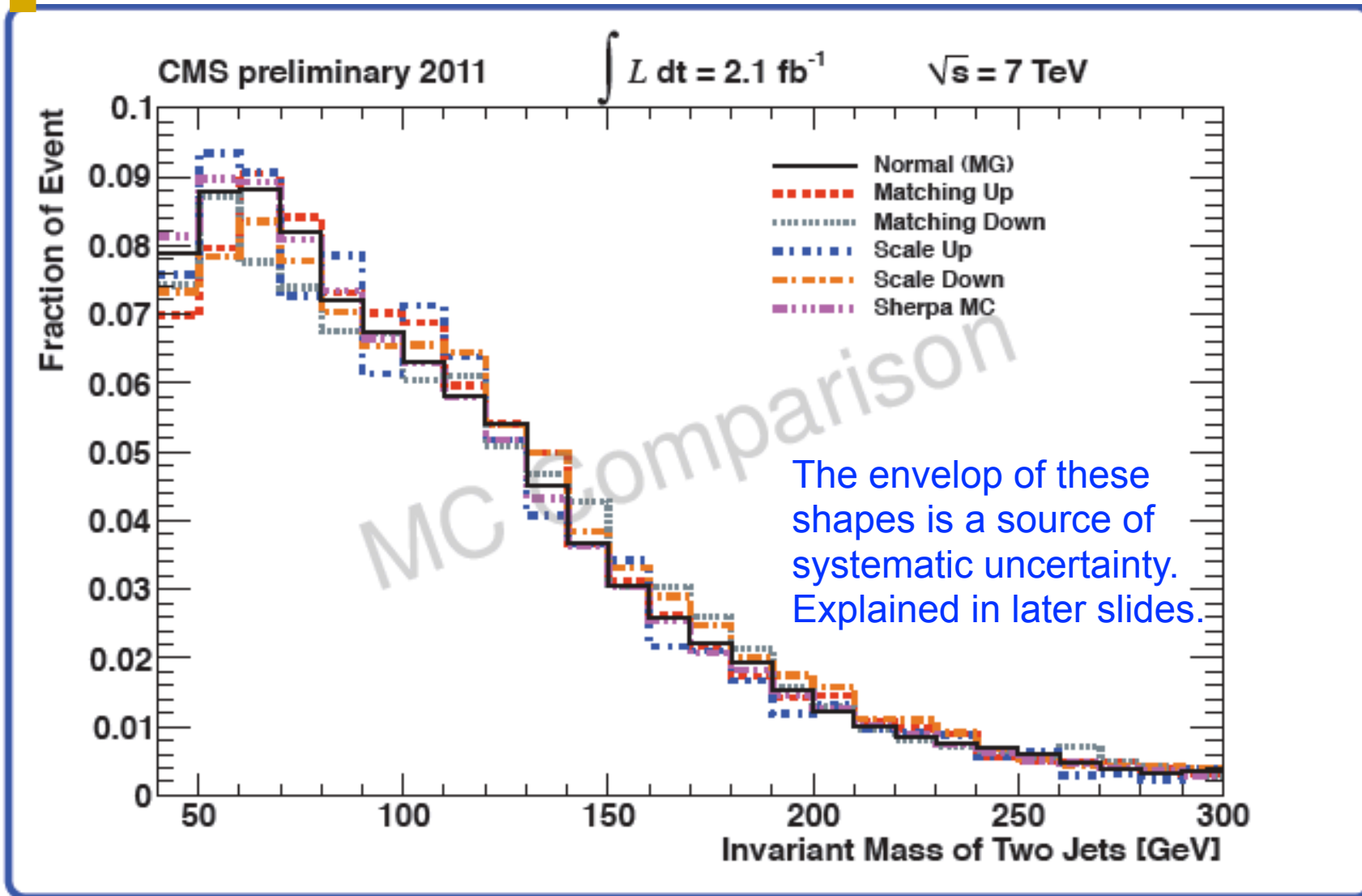
Standard Model electroweak production cross section at NLO:

$\sigma(\text{WW}) = 43 \text{ pb}$, $\sigma(\text{WZ}) = 18 \text{ pb} \pm 10 \%$ [gg and NLO EWK not included]

CMS lepton channel measurements: $\sigma(\text{WW}) = 55.3 \pm 8.3 \text{ pb}$, $\sigma(\text{WZ}) = 17.0 \pm 2.8 \text{ pb}$ [PAS-EWK-11-010]

***Caveat:** Haven't included acceptance systematics ($\approx 3\%$), luminosity systematics ($\approx 4\%$), MC scale uncertainty ($\sim \text{few } \%$), and trigger correction yet. Will update acceptance after we determine it more precisely from MCFM (NLO).

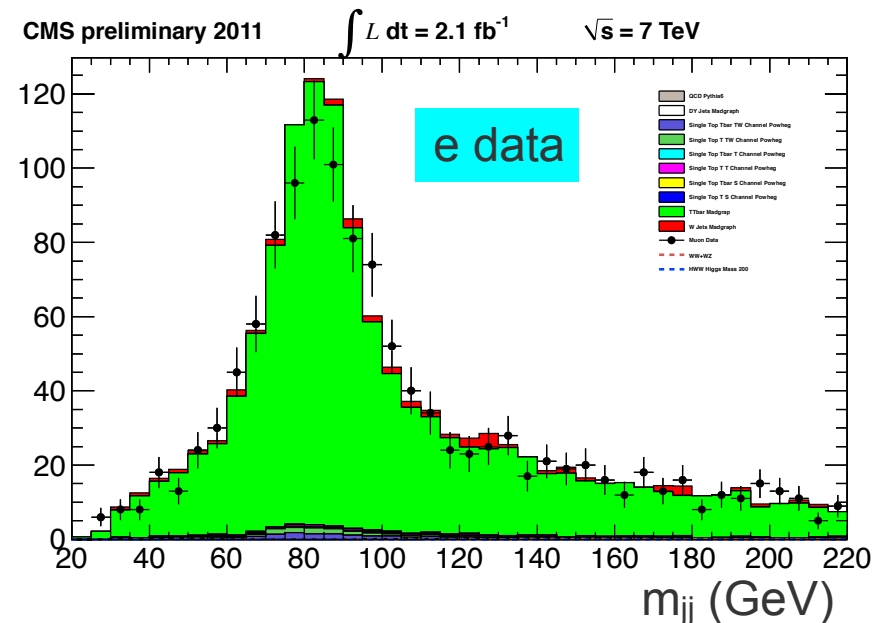
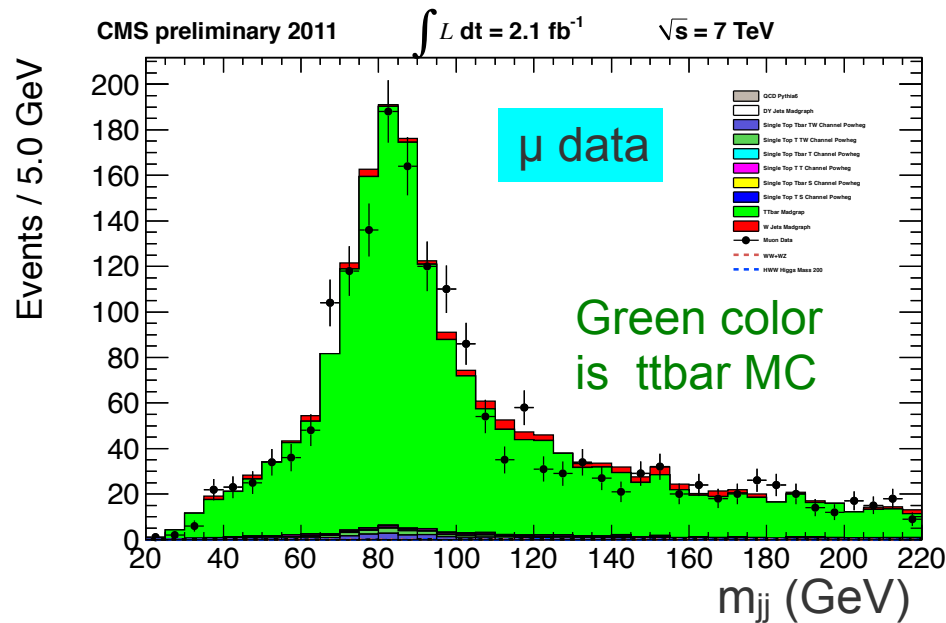
Systematic uncertainties: W+jets shape



Jet energy scale/ resolution from top events



In events with top quark pair, reconstruct pure hadronic W “out-of-box”.

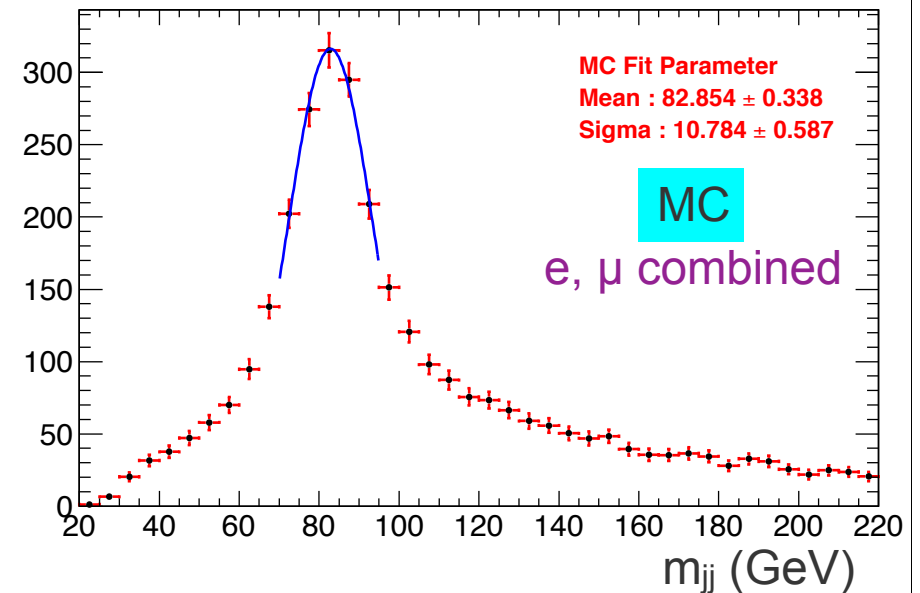
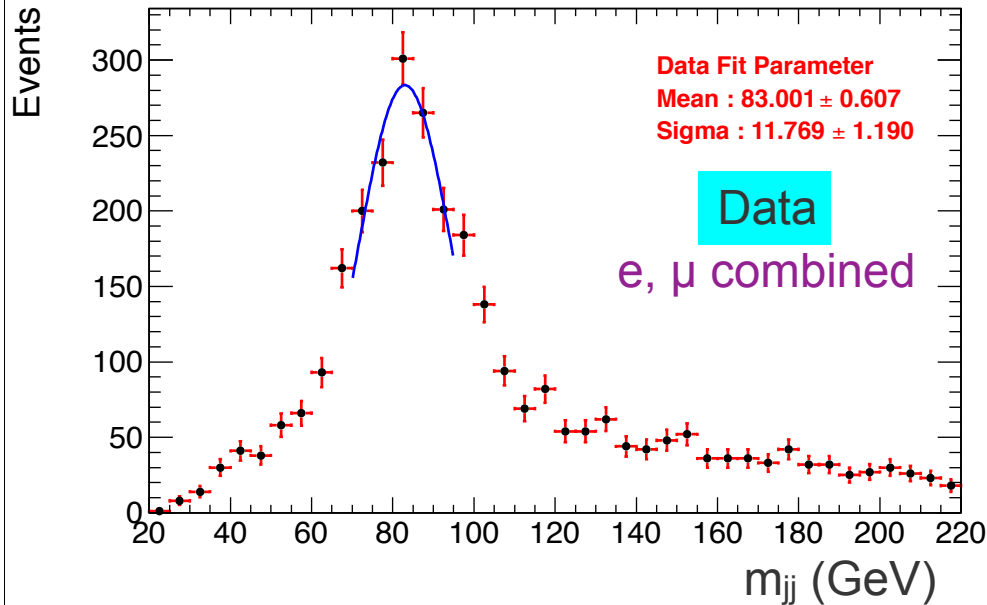


- Require exactly 4 jets, 2 b-tags (SSV-HE-M), and a leptonic W.
- Then plot m_{jj} of the two non b-tagged jets.
- The jet energy scale and resolution in data and MC match very well for these pure hadronic W events.

Jet energy scale/ resolution from top events



Fit the core of the distribution from previous slide with a Gaussian.



- ◆ In both data & MC the peak position is consistent with nominal W mass.
- ◆ Mean value of the peak (and hence JEC) in data & MC agree to within 0.2% ! The uncertainty in JEC in data is 0.73%.
- ◆ We vary the JEC up and down by this error to compute JEC systematics.

Combining systematic uncertainties in yield



- We have considered three categories
 - Matching : Repeat the fit using Up and Down Samples and take the larger of the two variations to obtain the error.
 - Factorization Scale: Likewise, repeat the fit using Up and Down Samples as the W_{jj} template and take the larger of the two variations to obtain the error.
 - Yield Dependent: Remaining uncertainties proportional to the WJet yield, added in quadrature.
 - JEC : Shift jet energy scale to study this systematic.
- Assume there is no correlation among above categories.

$$\sigma_{\text{Tot}}^2 = \sigma_{\text{Matching}}^2 + \sigma_{\text{Scale}}^2 + \sigma_{\text{JEC}}^2 + \sigma_{\text{Remaining}}^2$$

Additionally, we have systematic uncertainties in [acceptance*efficiency].

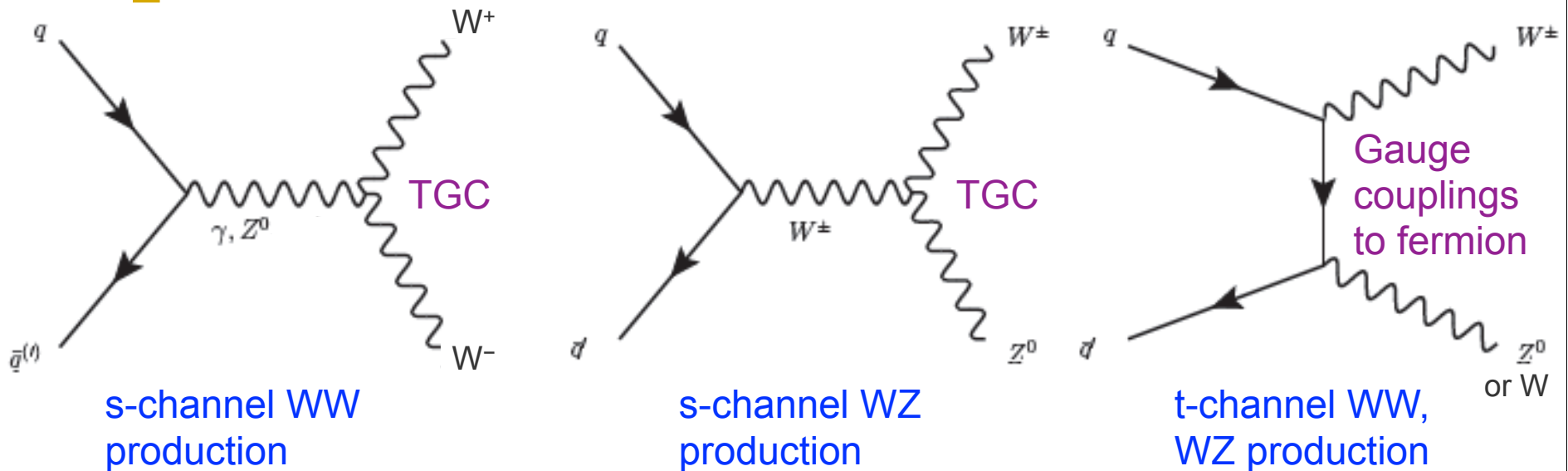
Things to do



- ◆ Complete the computation of remaining systematics due to acceptance* efficiency, and factorization scales.
- ◆ Update the analysis note with results for 2.1 fb^{-1} analysis
 - AN-11-151
- ◆ The analysis is for the most part systematics dominated
 - Aim for publication with this data sample
 - Aim to have an updated version of the AN with finalized systematics uncertainty by the second week of November.

BACKUP SLIDES

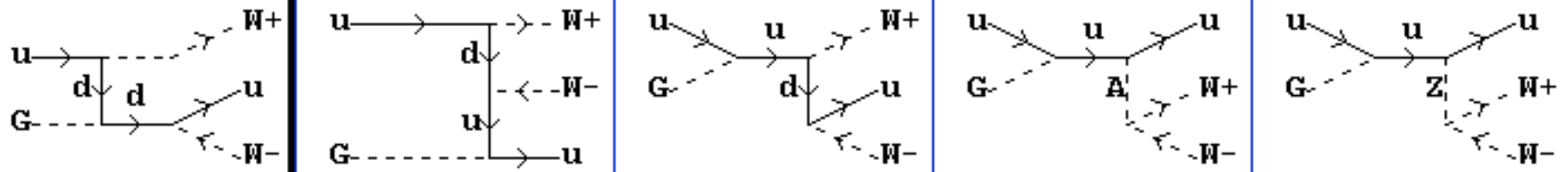
Diboson production at LHC at Leading Order in α_s



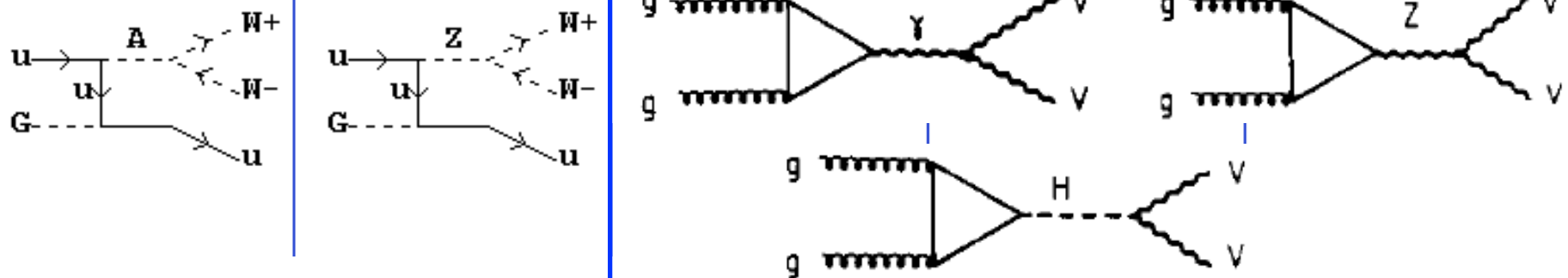
Some quick Observations

1. In standard model, the s- and t-channel diagrams are both divergent but when combined together divergencies cancel out miraculously. Sensitive to gauge coupling.
2. Because of $q\bar{q}$ initial state the production rate at LHC is only $\sim 3x$ Tevatron.
3. One W or Z decays hadronically. Although W and Z boson masses differ by 10 GeV the dijet mass resolution is ~ 10 GeV \rightarrow cannot distinguish between WW and WZ.

Diboson production mechanism at NLO

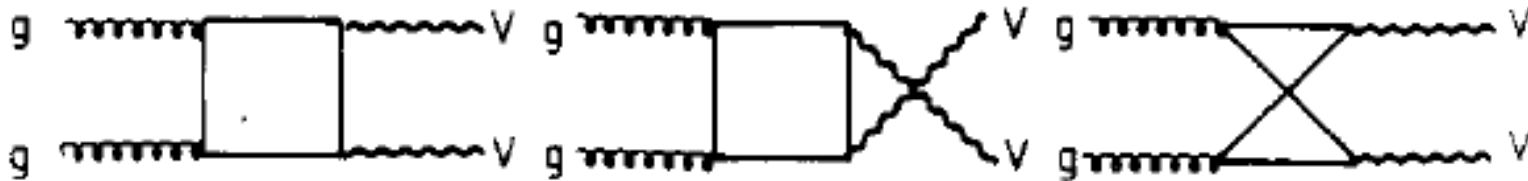


Quark-gluon diagrams



Gluon-gluon diagrams

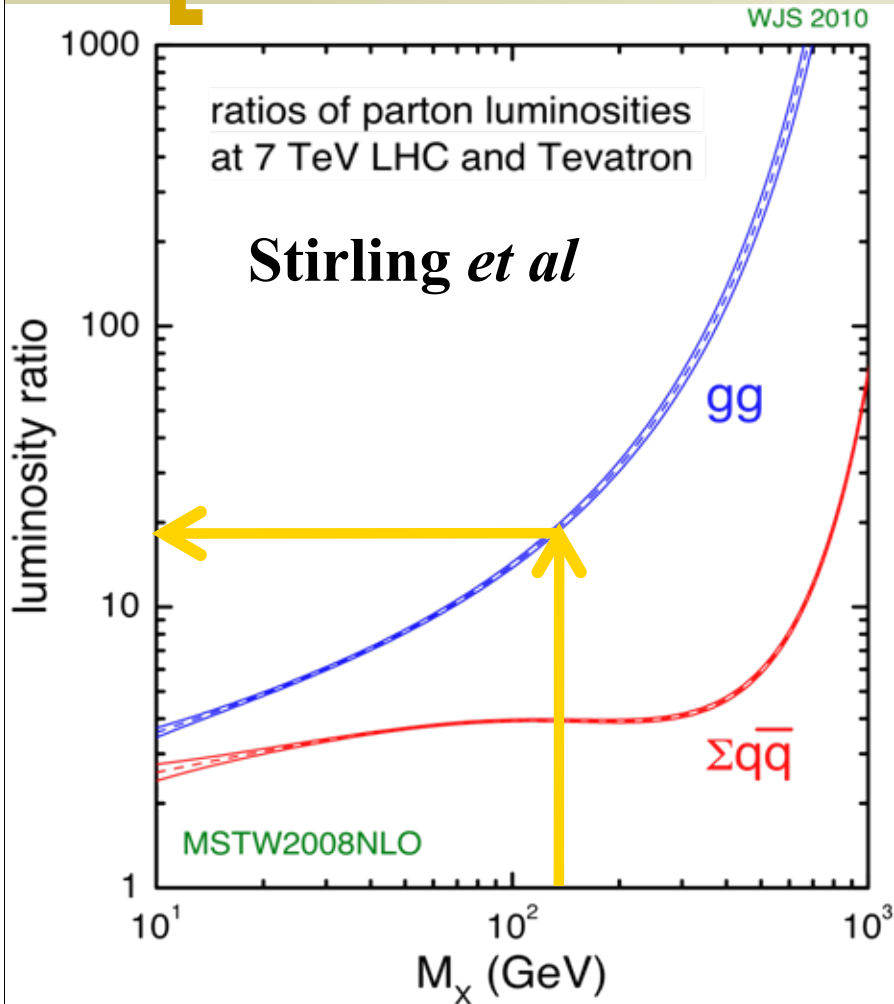
Box diagrams



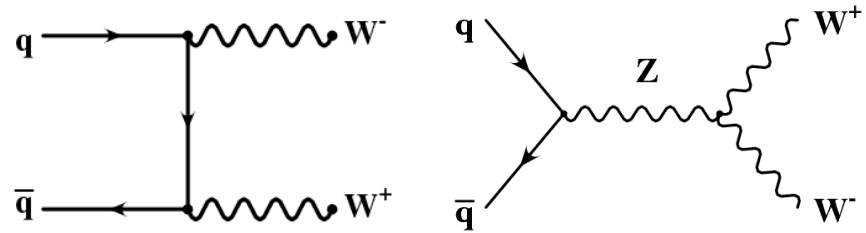
Plus more diagrams from NLO in α_{EWK}



LHC vs Tevatron: partonic luminosity hurts



$q\bar{q} \rightarrow WW, WZ$ cross section at 7 TeV is ~ 3 times that at 2 TeV



Major backgrounds are W +jets, single top & $t\bar{t}$, QCD multi-jet etc. which rise sharply due to rise in qg and gg cross sections

\Rightarrow Small signal, worse S/N

With 3x more signal and 20x more background would have 6 times worse S/B with identical detector. We are doing much better than that.



Muon selection

- Muon Trigger : 2010 triggers, Mu 17, IsoMu 17, IsoMu 24
- Global & Tracker Muon Preselection : Muon quality cuts
 - muon $\chi^2 < 10$, muon validHits ≥ 11 , muon hits > 0
 - muon $|\eta| < 2.4$, muon $p_T > 20$ GeV/c
 - muon MuonChamberMatches > 1
 - muon NumberOfValidPixelHits > 0
 - Combined relative isolation less than 0.30 (Pileup Corrected)
- Global Muon at Analysis Level: Signal muon selection
 - muon $p_T > 25$ GeV/c, for acceptance : muon $|\eta| < 2.1$
 - Combined relative isolation less than 0.10 (Pileup Corrected)
 - Transverse impact parameter with respect to beamspot < 0.02 cm
 - If the event has two or more muons, reject the event
 - Loose electron veto.
- Kinematic Requirements: Background Suppression
 - pf-MET > 30 GeV
 - W Transverse Mass > 40 GeV
 - Di-jet system $p_T > 40$ GeV



Electron selection

- Electron Trigger : 2010 triggers, Ele 22, 27, 32, inclusive W .
- ECAL seeded gsf electrons
- WP80 Requirements:
<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMS/SimpleCutBasedEleID>
 - Conversion Rejection: missing hits ≤ 0 , Dist(0.02), $\Delta \cot \theta$ (0.02).
 - Combined and relative iso for barrel and endcap respectively.
 - $\sigma_{i\eta i\eta} < 0.01$ (Barrel) or 0.03 (Endcap)
 - $|\Delta\phi| < 0.03$ (Barrel) or 0.02 (Endcap)
 - $|\Delta\eta| < 0.004$ (Barrel) or 0.005 (Endcap)
 - Combined relative Isolation < 0.05 (Pileup Corrected).
 - If the event has two or more electrons, reject the event
 - Loose muon veto.
- $E_T > 30$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.5$ (excluding $1.4442 < |\eta| < 1.566$)
- Kinematic Requirements: **Background Suppression**
 - pf-MET > 30 GeV
 - W Transverse Mass > 40 GeV
 - Di-jet system $p_T > 40$ GeV



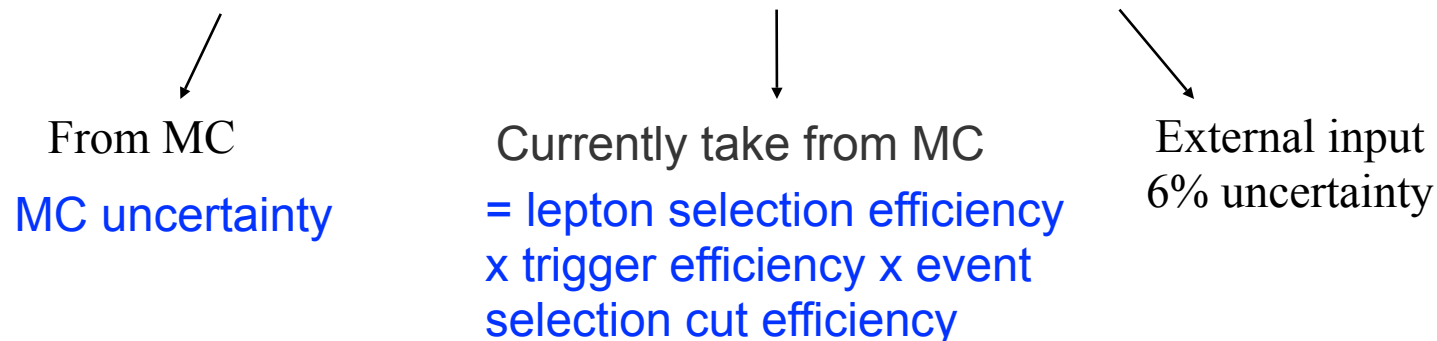
Jet/MET selection

- PF-MET is used and require $pf\text{-MET} > 30$ GeV for this analysis.
- At least two Particle Flow Jets in each event
- Corrected jet $p_T > 30$ GeV, $\eta < 2.4$ and $\Delta R(\ell, j) > 0.3$
- Default (JetMET POG recommended) charge hadron subtraction (PF2PAT/PfNoPU), FastJet PU subtraction, L2L3 Corrections and Loose jet id criteria:
 - Fraction of energy due to neutral hadrons < 0.99
 - Fraction of energy due to neutral EM deposits < 0.99
 - Number of constituents > 1
 - Number of charged hadrons candidates > 0
 - Fraction of energy due to charged hadrons candidates > 0
 - Fraction of energy due to charged EM deposits < 0.99
- Kinematic Requirements: **Background Suppression**
 - Di-jet system $p_T(jj) > 40$ GeV
 - $\Delta\eta(j, j) < 1.5$
 - $\Delta\phi(\text{MET}, \text{Leading Jet}) > 0.4$

Cross section measurement



$$\sigma \cdot \text{Br} = \frac{N_{\text{candidates}} - N_{\text{background}}}{\text{Acceptance} \cdot \text{Efficiency} \cdot L}$$



Lepton efficiency will come from
Tag&Probe measurements in
data and MC

$$\epsilon_X = \epsilon_{\text{MC-X}} \times \rho_{\text{eff-X}},$$

$$\rho_{\text{eff-X}} = \frac{\epsilon_{\text{TNP-X}}(\text{data})}{\epsilon_{\text{TNP-X}}(\text{MC})}$$

Since we cannot distinguish between WW and WZ we take the weighted acceptance = $(43 \cdot A_{\text{WW}} + 18 \cdot A_{\text{WZ}}) / (43+18)$